

How did the war begin?

World War II began when the UK and France declared war on Germany, after German troops led by Adolf Hitler had invaded Poland on 1 September 1939 to claim land there as their own. Hitler had already invaded Austria and Czechoslovakia, so the war began over his plan to take more land for Germany.

Rationing

Rationing began at the start of WW2 with only petrol being affected, but soon foods like sugar, butter and bacon became scarce and had to be **rationed** too. **Ration** books were given to everyone in Britain, who then registered to a shop where they could receive food and supplies. Food rationing started in January 1940, four months after the start of WW2. It ran for the next fourteen years and changed our eating habits for more than a generation. During rationing, men and women had the same quantities of food. Everyone needed a ration book, in addition to money, to buy weekly goods.



What you should already know:

- There have been two world wars.
- The UK was involved in World War I and World War 2.
- Adolf Hitler was the German leader during World War 2.
- Millions of adults and children were killed during World War 2.

The map below shows some of the countries Adolf Hitler and his Nazi Party



The Blitz

On the 7th September, 1940, the German air force changed its strategy of bombing the British air force and began to concentrate on bombing London. Nearly 2,000 people were killed or wounded in London's first night of the Blitz. The heavy and frequent bombing attacks on London and other cities was known as the 'Blitz'. Night after night, from September 1940 until May 1941, German bombers attacked British cities, ports and industrial areas. London was bombed every day and night, bar one, for 11 weeks and one third of London was destroyed.

Neville Chamberlain Winston Churchill



British Prime Minister

(1937 – 1940)



(1940 – 1945)

(1951 – 1955)

Adolf Hitler



Chancellor of Germany

(1933 – 1945)

Key Vocabulary

Allies - the three great Allied powers were Great Britain, the United States, and the Soviet Union.

Artillery - consists of large, powerful guns which are transported on wheels and used by an army.

Axis – a coalition headed by Germany, Italy, and Japan that opposed the Allied powers in World War II.

Blitz - a German bombing campaign against the United Kingdom in 1940 and 1941, during WWII. The term is the German word for 'lightning'.

Chancellor - the title of the head of government in Germany and Austria..

evacuation – when someone is sent to a place of safety, away from a dangerous building, town, or area.

Nazi - members of the right-wing political party, led by Adolf Hitler, which held power in Germany from 1933 to 1945.

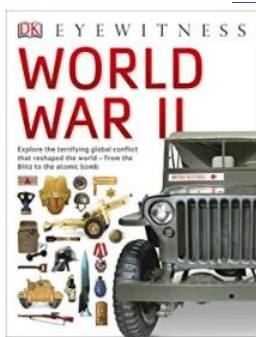
Prime Minister - the leader of the government in some countries.

propaganda - information, often inaccurate information, which a political organisation publishes or broadcasts in order to influence people.

rationing

- the system of limiting the amount of food, water, petrol, or other necessary substances that each person is allowed to have or buy when there is not enough of them.

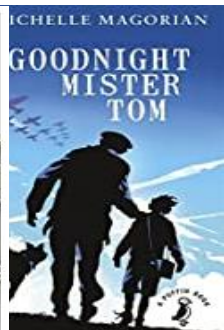
Books you might find useful...



WORLD WAR II

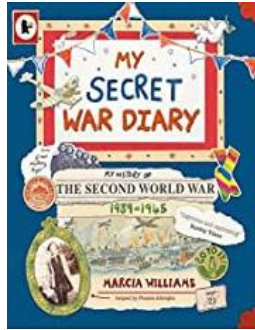
Diary

DK EYEWITNESS



Goodnight Mr Tom

Michelle Magorian



My Secret War

Marcia Williams

Websites you might find useful...

- <http://www.bbc.co.uk/history/worldwars/wwtwo/>
- <http://www.primaryhomeworkhelp.co.uk/Britain.html>
- <https://www.dkfindout.com/uk/history/world-war-ii/>
- <https://the1940sexperiment.com/100-wartime-recipes/>

Home learning ideas

What will you choose to do?

- Make do and mend! Can you revamp some of your old clothes to make new clothes? Maybe you could ‘upcycle’ some unwanted household items and make them useful in a whole new way! Bring them to school to show your classmates and share your ideas.
- Find some wartime recipes and make a typical meal using foods that would have been rationed at the time.
- Imagine that you were an evacuee and write a diary entry about what life is like in your new home.